

# USER MANUAL

HYBRID SOLAR INVERTER/CHARGER

1.5KVA - 5KVA

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# ABOUT THIS MANUAL

## Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

## Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

# SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



**WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.**

1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
5. **CAUTION** – Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
10. Fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
11. **GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS** -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
12. **NEVER** cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

# INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, MPPT solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

## Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Inverter running without battery
- Built-in MPPT solar controller
- Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

## Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- Generator or Utility.
- PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

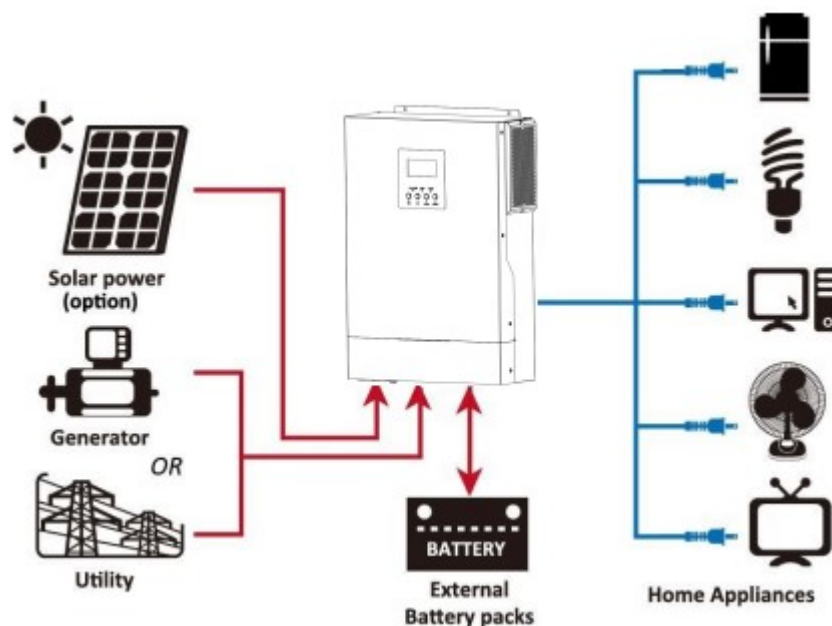
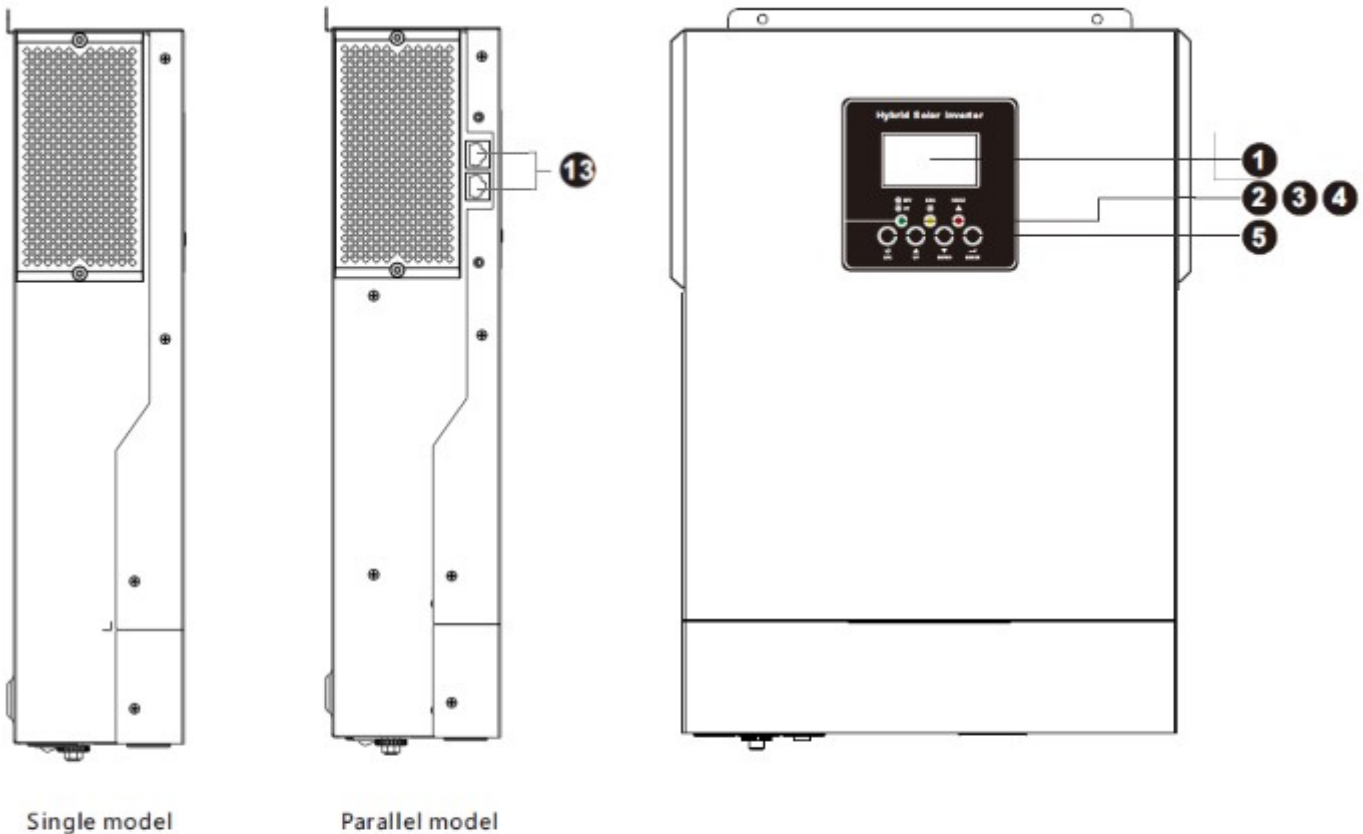
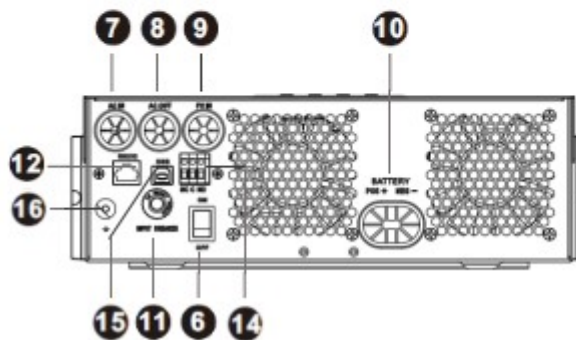


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System

# Product Overview



1. LCD display
2. Status indicator
3. Charging indicator
4. Fault indicator
5. Function buttons
6. Power on/off switch
7. AC input
8. AC output
9. PV input
10. Battery input
11. Circuit breaker
12. RS232 communication port
13. Parallel communication port  
(only for parallel model)
14. Dry contact (Optional)
15. USB communication port (Optional)
16. Grounding



**NOTE:** For parallel model installation and operation, please check the parallel installation guide for the details.

# INSTALLATION

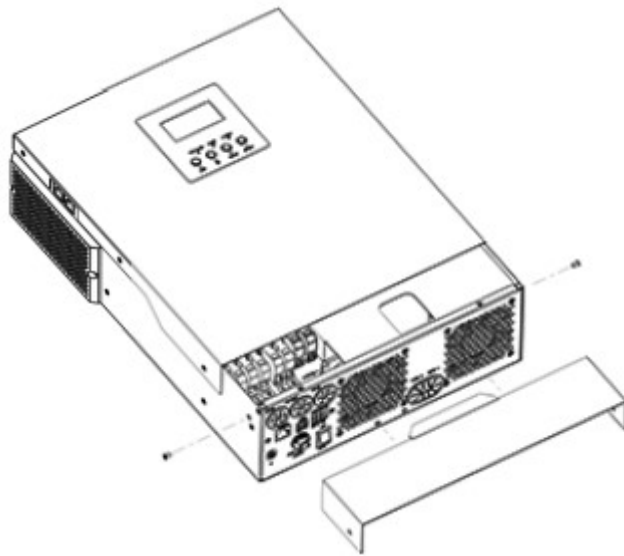
## Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- Communication cable x 1

## Preparation

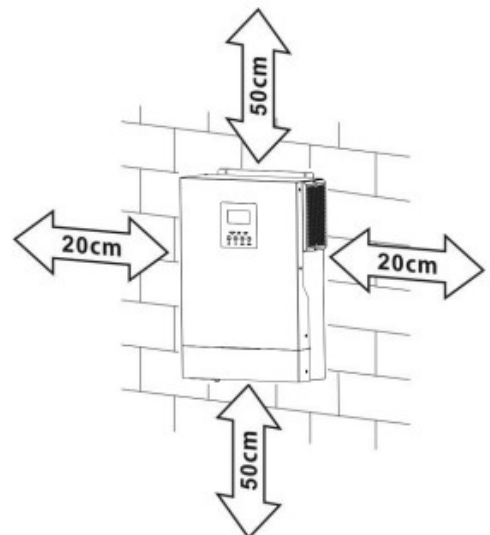
Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



## Mounting the Unit

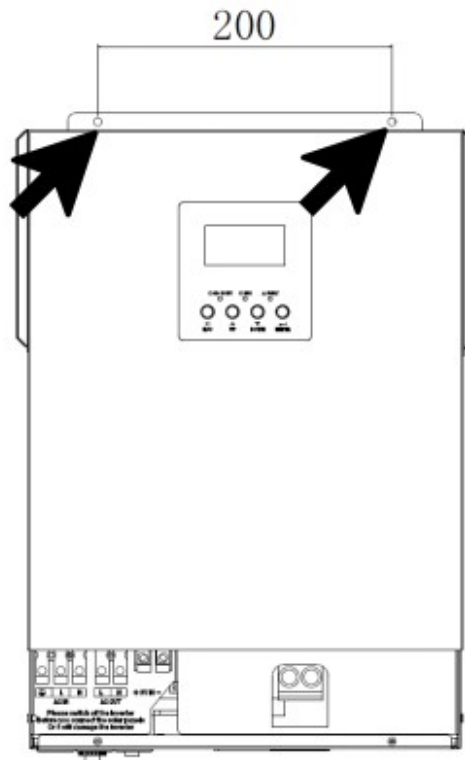
Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



**SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.**

Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.



## Battery Connection

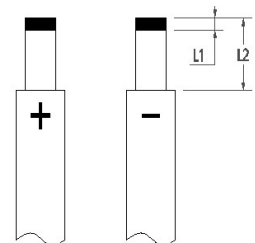
**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable, stripping length(L2) and tinning length(L1)

as below.

### Stripping Length:

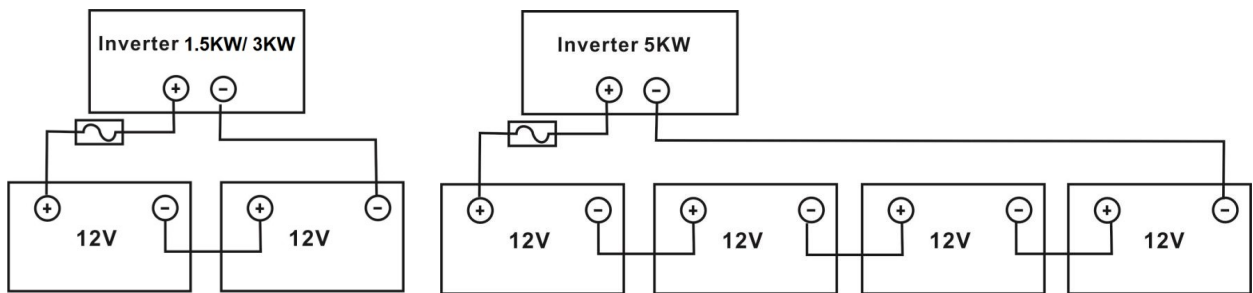
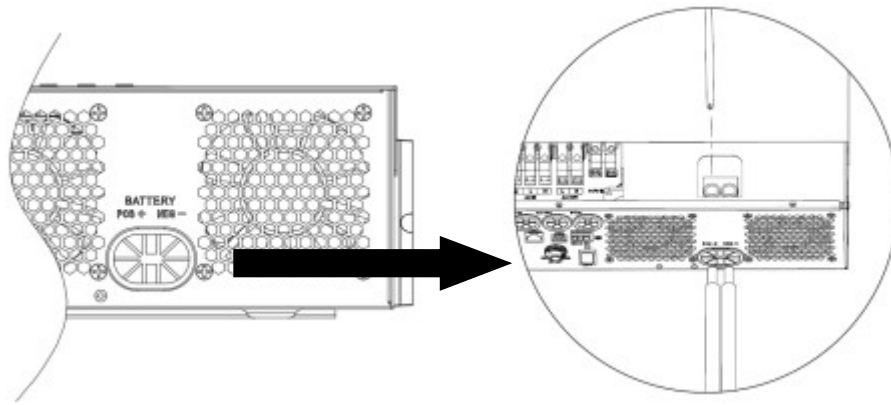


### Recommended battery cable, stripping length (L2) and tinning length(L1):

Model	Maximum Amperage	Battery capacity	Wire Size	Cable mm <sup>2</sup>	L1 (mm)	L 2 (mm)	Torque value
1.5KVA	68A	100AH	4AWG	22	3	18	2~ 3 Nm
3KVA	137A	100AH	2AWG	38	3	18	2~ 3 Nm
5KVA	137A	200AH	2AWG	38	3	18	2~ 3 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

1. Remove insulation sleeve 18 mm for positive and negative cables based on recommended stripping length.
2. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to use recommended battery capacity.
3. Insert battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and battery cables are tightly screwed to the battery connector.



**WARNING: Shock Hazard**

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



**CAUTION!!** Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

**CAUTION!!** Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

## AC Input/Output Connection

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 50A.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

**Suggested cable requirement for AC wires**

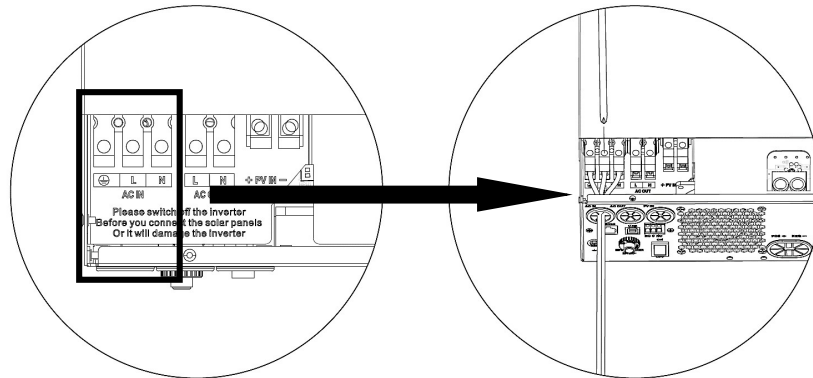
Model	Gauge	Torque Value
1.5KVA	12AWG	1.2~ 1.4Nm
3KVA	10AWG	1.4~ 1.6Nm
5KVA	8 AWG	1.4~ 1.6Nm



Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnecter first.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⊕) first.

⊕→Ground (yellow-green) L→LINE (brown or black) N→Neutral (blue)



**WARNING:**

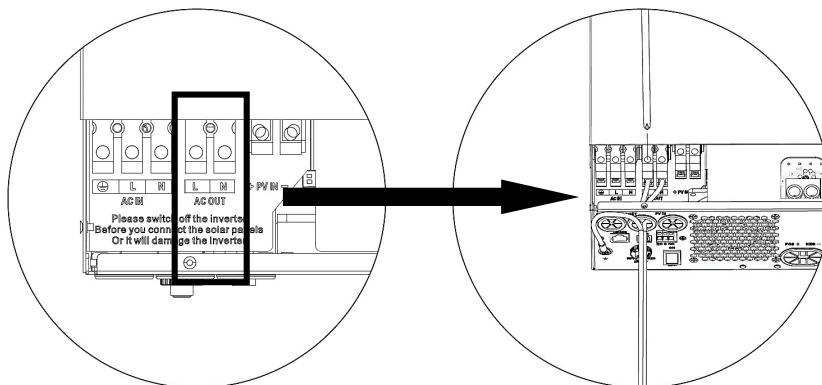
Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⊕) first.

⊕→Ground (yellow-green)

L→LINE (brown or black)

N→Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

**CAUTION: Important**

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

## PV Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
1.5KVA	10A	12 AWG	1.2~1.4 Nm
3KVA	15A	12 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm
5KVA	18A	12 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm

### PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode	
<b>INVERTER MODEL</b>	1.5KVA / 3KVA / 5KVA
<b>Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage</b>	500DC
<b>PV Array MPPT Voltage Range</b>	120VDC~450VDC

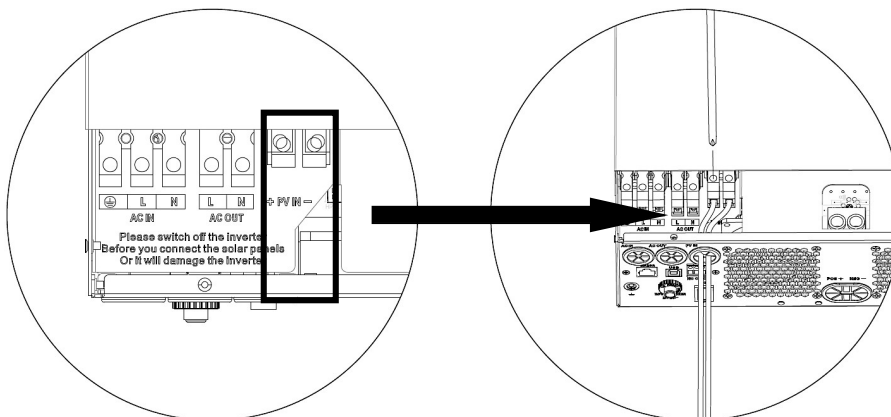
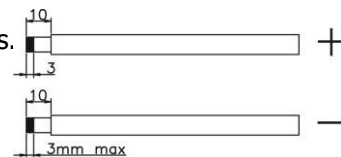
Take the 330Wp PV module as an example. After considering above two parameters, the recommended module configurations are listed in the table below.

Solar Panel Spec. (reference)	SOLAR INPUT		Q'ty of panels	Total input power	Inverter Model
	Min in serial: 6 pcs, max. in serial: 12 pcs				
- 330Wp	6 pcs in serial		6 pcs	1980W	1.5KVA/3KVA/5KVA
- Vmp: 33.25Vdc	10 pcs in serial		10 pcs	3300W	3KVA/5KVA
- Imp: 9.925A	12 pcs in serial		12 pcs	3960W	3KVA/5KVA
- Voc: 40.35Vdc	6 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel		12 pcs	3960W	3KVA/5KVA
- Isc: 10.79A	8 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel		16 pcs	5280W	5KVA
- Cells: 60					

## PV Module Wire Connection:

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

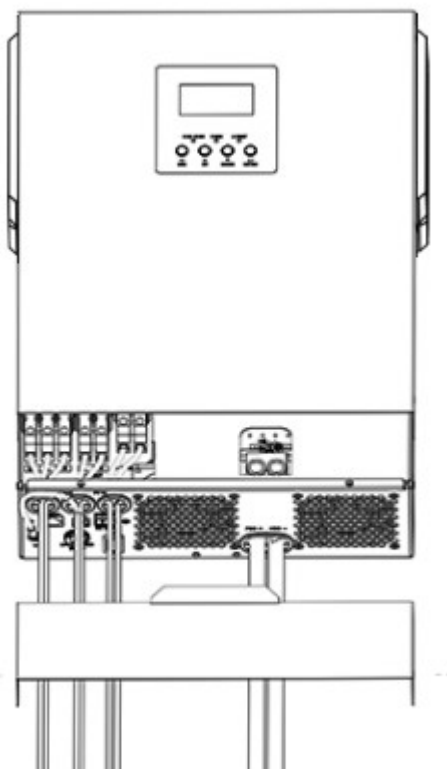
1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.



3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

## Final Assembly


After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



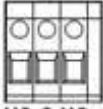
## Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. When program 38 is set as "disable", it could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level. When program 38 is set as "enable" and the unit is working in battery mode, it could be used to trigger the grounding box to connect neutral and grounding of AC output together.

When program 38 is set as "disable" (default setting):

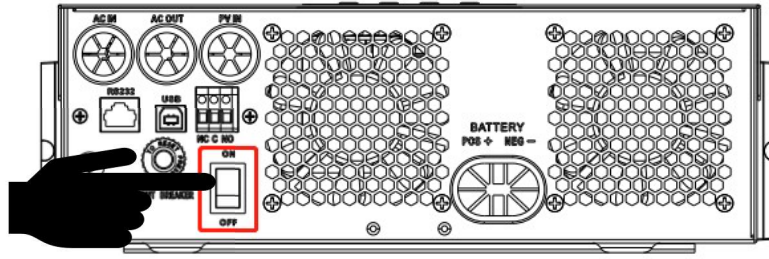
Unit Status	Condition		Dry contact port: 		
			NC & C	NO & C	
Power Off	Unit is off and no output is powered.		Close	Open	
Power On	Output is powered from Utility.		Close	Open	
	Output is powered from Battery or Solar.	Program 01 set as Utility	Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage	Open	Close
			Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
	Output is powered from Battery or Solar.	Program 01 is set as SBU or Solar first	Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 12	Open	Close
			Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open

When program 38 is set as "enable":

Unit Status	Condition		Dry contact port: 	
			NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off and no output is powered.		Close	Open
Power On	Unit works in standby mode, line mode or fault mode		Close	Open
	Unit works in battery mode or power saving mode		Open	Close

# OPERATION

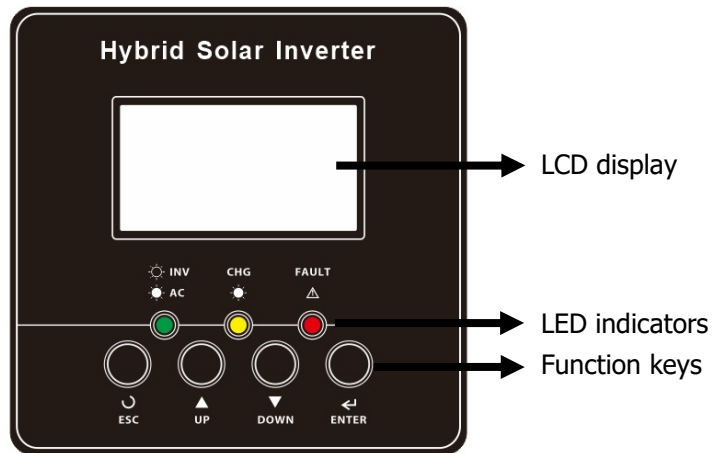
## Power ON/OFF



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

## Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



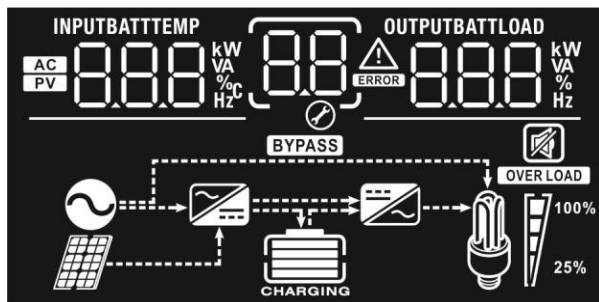
### LED Indicator






LED Indicator		Messages	
☀️ AC / ⚡️ INV	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
☀️ CHG	Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
		Flashing	Battery is charging.
⚠️ FAULT	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.


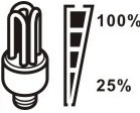










### Function Keys

Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

# LCD Display Icons



Icon	Function description
<b>Input Source Information</b>	
<b>AC</b>	Indicates the AC input.
<b>PV</b>	Indicates the PV input
<b>INPUTBATT</b> 888 kW VA % Hz	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage and charger current.
<b>Configuration Program and Fault Information</b>	
88	Indicates the setting programs.
	Warning:  flashing with warning code.
	Fault:  lighting with fault code
<b>Output Information</b>	
<b>OUTPUTBATTLOAD</b> 888 kW VA % Hz	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.
<b>Battery Information</b>	
	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.

Load Information				
	Indicates overload.			
	Indicates the load level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100%.			
	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
				
Mode Operation Information				
	Indicates unit connects to the mains.			
	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.			
	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.			
	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.			
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.			
Mute Operation				
	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.			

## LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.















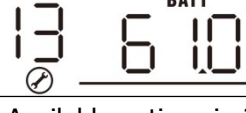









### Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Solar first 01 SOL	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
		Utility first (default) 01 UTI	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		SBU priority 01 SBU	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
		SUB priority 01 SUB	Solar energy is charged first and then power to the loads. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Utility energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.




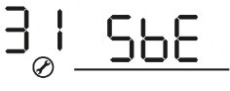



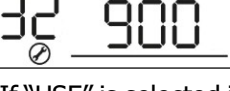
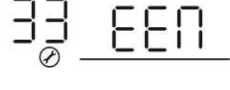

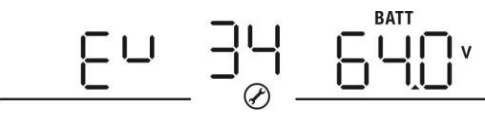
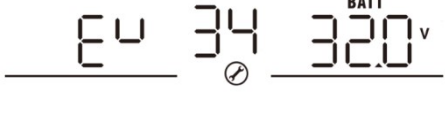
02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	10A 02 10 <sup>A</sup>	20A 02 20 <sup>A</sup>
		30A 02 30 <sup>A</sup>	40A 02 40 <sup>A</sup>
		50A 02 50 <sup>A</sup>	60A (default) 02 60 <sup>A</sup>
		70A 02 70 <sup>A</sup>	80A 02 80 <sup>A</sup>
03	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default) 03 APL	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
		UPS 03 UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.
04	Power saving mode enable/disable	Saving mode disable (default) 04 SDS	If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected.
		Saving mode enable 04 SEN	If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.
05	Battery type	AGM (default) 05 AGM	Flooded 05 FLd
		User-Defined 05 USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default) 06 Lfd	Restart enable 06 LfE
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default) 07 tfd	Restart enable 07 tFE
08	Output voltage	220V 08 220 <sup>v</sup>	230V (default) 08 230 <sup>v</sup>
		240V 08 240 <sup>v</sup>	

09	Output frequency	50Hz (default) 09 50 Hz	60Hz 09 60 Hz	
10	Auto bypass When selecting "auto", if the mains power is normal, it will automatically bypass, even if the switch is off.	manual(default) 10 nNL	auto 10 Ato	
11	Maximum utility charging current	2A 11 2A	10A 11 10A	
		20A 11 20A	30A (default) 11 30A	
		40A 11 40A	50A 11 50A	
		60A 11 60A	70A 11 70A	
		80A 11 80A		
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 48V models:		
		44V 12 44.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	45V 12 45.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		46V (default) 12 46.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	47V 12 47.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		48V 12 48.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	49V 12 49.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		50V 12 50.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	51V 12 51.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		52V 12 52.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	53V 12 53.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		54V 12 54.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	55V 12 55.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	
		Available options in 24V models:		
		22 V 12 22.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	23V (default) 12 23.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	24 V 12 24.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v
		25 V 12 25.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	26V 12 26.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v	27 V 12 27.0 <sup>BATT</sup> v

13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 48V models:	
		Battery fully charged (default)	48V
			
		49V	50V
			
		51V	52V
			
		53V	54V
			
		55V	56V
			
		57V	58V
			
		59V	60V
			
		61V	62V
			
		Available options in 24V models:	
		Battery fully charged (default)	24V
			
25V	26V		
			
27V (default)	28V		
			
29v	30v		
			

16	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:	
		Solar first 16 C50	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Utility first 16 CUE	Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available.
		Solar and Utility (default) 16 SNU	Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time.
		Only Solar 16 O50	Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.
If this inverter/charger is working in Battery mode or Power saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.			
18	Buzzer mode	Mode1 bU2 18 nd1	Buzzer mute
		Mode2 bU2 18 nd2	The buzzer sounds when the input source changes or there is a specific warning or fault
		Mode3 bU2 18 nd3	The buzzer sounds when there is a specific warning or fault
		Mode4(default) bU2 18 nd4	The buzzer sounds when there is a fault
19	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default) 19 ESP	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen 19 FEP	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.
20	Backlight control	Backlight on (default) 20 LON	Backlight off 20 LOF

23	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default) 23 BYD	Bypass enable 23 BYE
25	Modbus ID Setting	Modbus ID Setting Range : 001(default)~247 MOD 25 001	
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	48V models default setting: 56.4V CV 26 BATT 56.4V	
		24V models default setting: 28.2V CV 26 BATT 28.2V	
If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 25.0V to 31.5V for 24v model and 48.0V to 64.0V for 48v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.			
27	Floating charging voltage	48V models default setting: 54.0V FLV 27 BATT 54.0V	
		24V models default setting: 27.0V FLV 27 BATT 27.0V	
If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 25.0V to 31.5V for 24v model and 48.0V to 64.0V for 48v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.			
28	AC output mode	Single: This inverter is used in single phase application. 28 S1C	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system. (Need hardware support) 28 PAR
		L1 phase 28 3P1	The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application
		L2 phase 28 3P2	The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application
		L3 phase 28 3P3	The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application
29	Low DC cut-off voltage	48V models default setting: 42.0V COV 29 BATT 42.0V	

		<p>24V models default setting: 21.0v</p> 	
		<p>If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 20.0V to 27.0V for 24v model and 40.0V to 54.0V for 48v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.</p>	
31	Solar power balance: When enabled, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to connected load power.	<p>Solar power balance enable (Default):</p> 	<p>If selected, solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the following formula: Max. input solar power = Max. battery charging power + Connected load power.</p>
		<p>Solar power balance disable:</p> 	<p>If selected, the solar input power will be the same to max. battery charging power no matter how much loads are connected. The max. battery charging power will be based on the setting current in program 02. (Max. solar power = Max. battery charging power)</p>
32	Bulk charging time (C.V stage)	<p>Automatically (Default):</p> 	<p>If selected, inverter will judge this charging time automatically.</p>
		<p>5 min</p> 	<p>The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.</p>
		<p>900 min</p> 	
		<p>If "USE" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.</p>	
33	Battery equalization	<p>Battery equalization</p> 	<p>Battery equalization disable (default)</p> 
		<p>If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.</p>	
34	Battery equalization voltage	<p>48V models default setting is 58.4V. Setting range is from 48V ~ 64V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.</p> 	
		<p>24V models default setting is 29.2V. Setting range is from 24V ~ 32V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.</p> 	

35	Battery equalized time	60min (default) 35 60	Setting range is from 5min to 900min. Increment of each click is 5min.
36	Battery equalized timeout	120min (default) 36 120	Setting range is from 5min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
37	Equalization interval	30days (default) 37 30d	Setting range is from 0 to 90 days. Increment of each click is 1 day
38	Allow neutral and grounding of AC output is connected together: When enabled, inverter can deliver signal to trigger grounding box to short neutral and grounding	Disable: Neutral and grounding of AC output is disconnected. (Default) NEC 38 DIS	
		Enable: Neutral and grounding of AC output is connected. NEC 38 ENA	
		This function is only available when the inverter is working with external grounding box. Only when the inverter is working in battery mode, it will trigger grounding box to connect neutral and grounding of AC output.	
39	Equalization activated immediately	Enable 39 AEN	Disable (default) 39 ADS
		If equalization function is enabled in program 33, this program can be set up. If "Enable" is selected in this program, it's to activate battery equalization immediately and LCD main page will shows "EQ". If "Disable" is selected, it will cancel equalization function until next activated equalization time arrives based on program 37 setting. At this time, "EQ" will not be shown in LCD main page.	

## Setting for lithium battery

This suggestion is used for lithium battery application and avoid lithium battery BMS protection, please finish the setting as follow:


1.Before starting setting, you must get the battery BMS specification:

- A. Max charging voltage
- B. Max charging current
- C. Discharging protection voltage


2.Set battery type as"USE" (user-defined)

05	Battery type	AGM (default) 05 AGM	Flooded 05 FLD
		<b>User-Defined</b> 05 USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.


3. Set C.V voltage as Max charging voltage of BMS-**0.5V**.

26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	default setting: 56.4V
		
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.



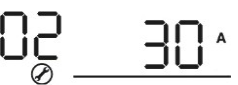




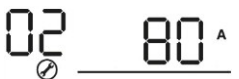
4. Set floating charging voltage as C.V voltage.

27	Floating charging voltage	default setting: 54.0V
		
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 48.0V to 64.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.

5. Set Low DC cut-off voltage  $\geq$  discharging protection voltage of BMS+**2V**.

29	Low DC cut-off voltage	default setting: 42.0V
		
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 40.0V to 54.0V. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.

6. Set Max charging current which must be less than the Max charging current of BMS.

02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	10A	20A
			
		30A	40A
			
		50A	60A (default)
			
		70A	80A
			

7. Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. The setting value must be  $\geq$  Low DC cut-off voltage+**1V**, or else the inverter will have a warning as battery voltage low.



12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 48V models: 46V (default)
		Available options in 24V models: 23V (default)

12 <sup>BATT</sup> 46.0 v

12 <sup>BATT</sup> 23.0 v

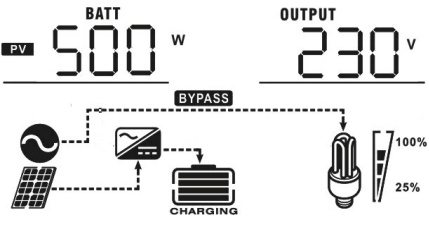
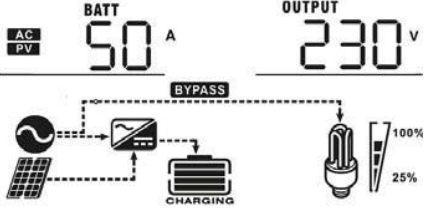
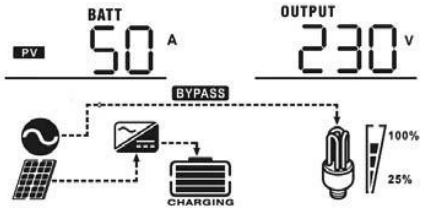
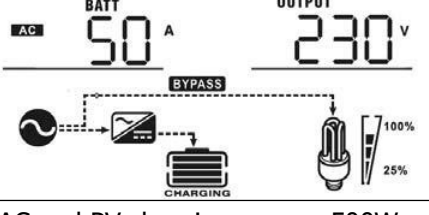
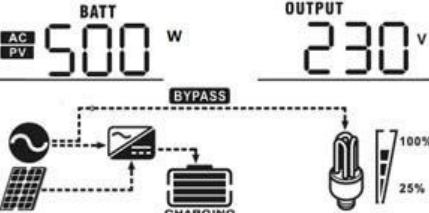
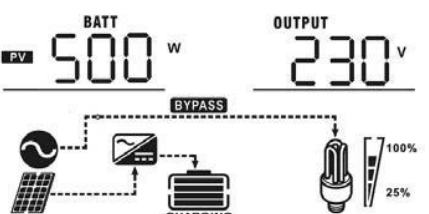
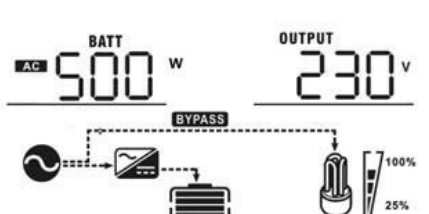
Remark:

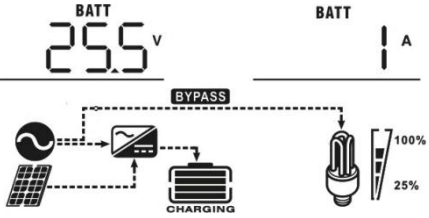
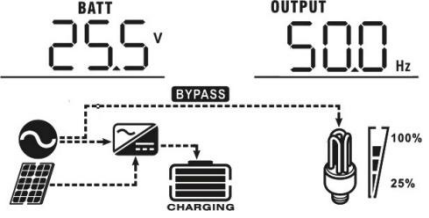
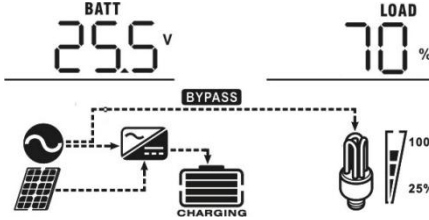
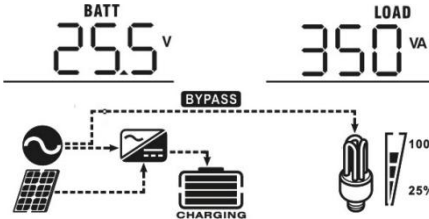
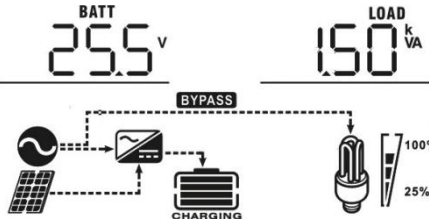
- 1.you'd better to finish setting without turn on the inverter(just let the LCD show, no output);
- 2.when you finish setting, please restart the inverter.

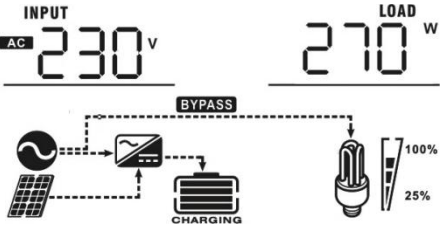
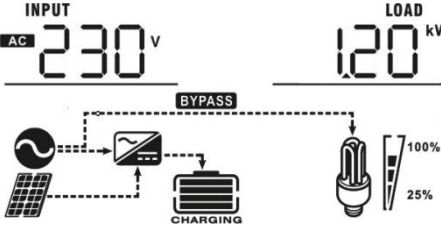
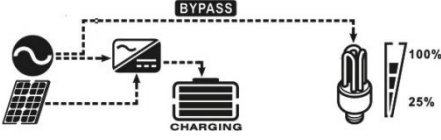
## Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, charging current, charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

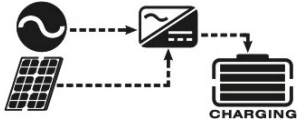



Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	<p>Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V</p>
Input frequency	<p>Input frequency=50Hz</p>
PV voltage	<p>PV voltage=200V</p>
MPPT Charging current	<p>Current <math>\geq 10A</math></p> <p>Current &lt; 10A</p>





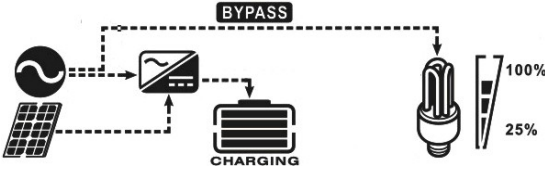
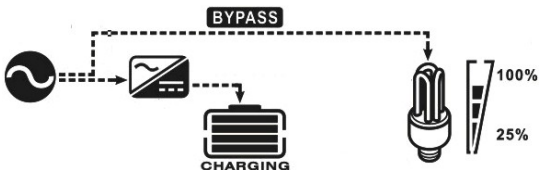
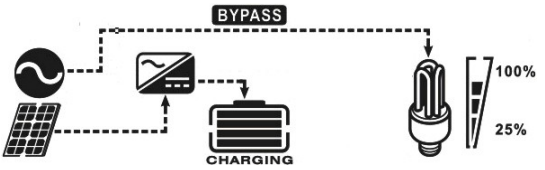
<p>MPPT Charging power</p>	<p>MPPT charging power=500W</p> 
<p>Charging current</p>	<p>AC and PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>AC charging current=50A</p> 
<p>Charging power</p>	<p>AC and PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>AC charging power=500W</p> 

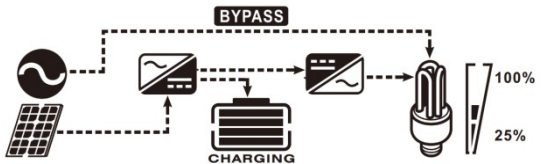
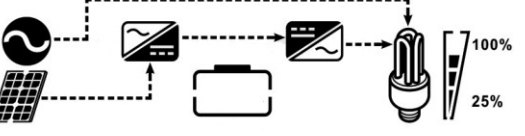
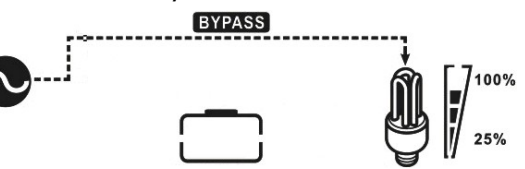
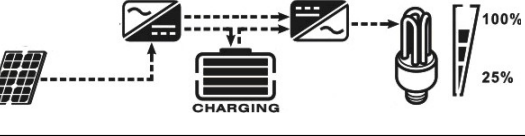
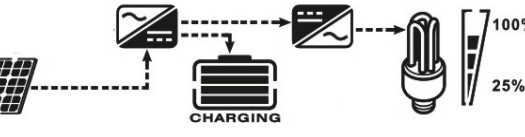

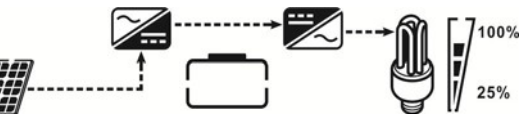
<p>Battery voltage/ DC discharging current</p>	<p>Battery voltage=25.5V, discharging current=1A</p> 
<p>Output frequency</p>	<p>Output frequency=50Hz</p> 
<p>Load percentage</p>	<p>Load percent=70%</p> 
<p>Load in VA</p>	<p>When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in VA will present xxxVA like below chart.</p>  <p>When load is larger than 1kVA (<math>\geq 1\text{kVA}</math>), load in VA will present x.xkVA like below chart.</p> 

<p>Load in Watt</p>	<p>When load is lower than 1kW, load in W will present xxxW like below chart.</p>  <p>When load is larger than 1kW (<math>\geq 1\text{KW}</math>), load in W will present x.xkW like below chart.</p> 
<p>Main CPU version checking</p>	<p>Main CPU version 00014.04</p> 





















## Operating Mode Description

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
<p>Standby mode / Power saving mode</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>*Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output.</p> <p>*Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.</p>	<p>No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p> 
		<p>Charging by utility.</p> 
		<p>Charging by PV energy.</p> 
		<p>No charging.</p> 

<p>Fault mode</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>*Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.</p>	<p>PV energy and utility can charge batteries.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p>  <p>Charging by utility.</p>  <p>Charging by PV energy.</p>  <p>No charging.</p> 
<p>Line Mode</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p> 
<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>Charging by utility.</p> 
<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and solar energy is not sufficient to provide the load, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads and charge the battery at the same time.</p> 





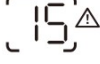

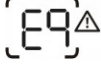

	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.</p>	<p>if "SUB" is selected as output source priority and battery is connected, solar energy will charge battery as first priority.</p> <p>if solar energy is sufficient for charging, solar and the utility will provide the loads.</p> 
<p>Line Mode</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from the mains.</p>	<p>If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and battery is not connected, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads.</p>  <p>Power from utility.</p> 
<p>Battery Mode</p>	<p>The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.</p>	<p>Power from battery and PV energy.</p>  <p>PV energy will supply power to the loads and charge battery at the same time</p>  <p>Power from battery only.</p>  <p>Power from PV energy only.</p> 

## Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Reserved	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Reserved	
05	Output short circuited.	
06	Output voltage is too high.	
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	
09	Bus soft start failed	
10	PV over current	
11	PV over voltage	
12	DCDC over current	
13	Over current or surge	
14	Bus voltage is too low	
15	Inverter failed (Self-checking)	
16	Over DC voltage in AC output	
17	Reserved	
18	Op current offset is too high	
19	Inverter current offset is too high	
20	DC/DC current offset is too high	
21	PV current offset is too high	
22	Output voltage is too low	
23	Inverter negative power	



## Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
02	Temperature is too High	Beep three times every second	
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
15	PV energy is low	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
20	Battery low and it isn't up to the setting value of program 13	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
E9	Battery equalization	None	
bP	Battery is not connected	None	

# BATTERY EQUALIZATION

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

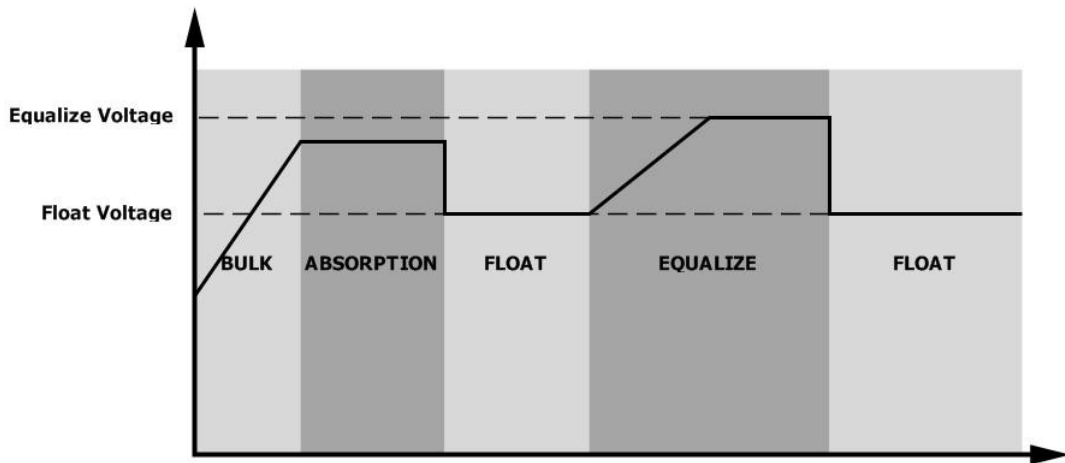
- **How to Apply Equalization Function**

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 33 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

1. Setting equalization interval in program 37.
2. Active equalization immediately in program 39.

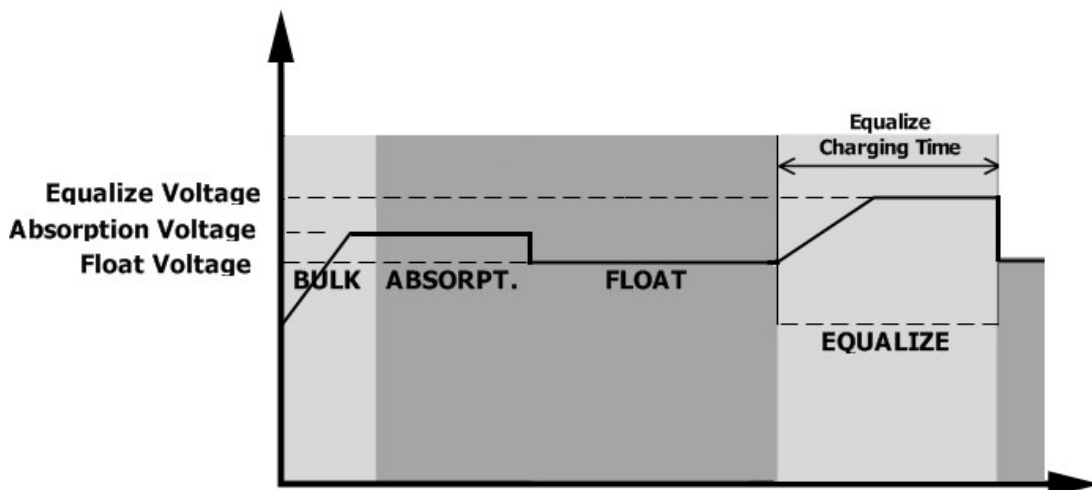
- **When to Equalize**

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

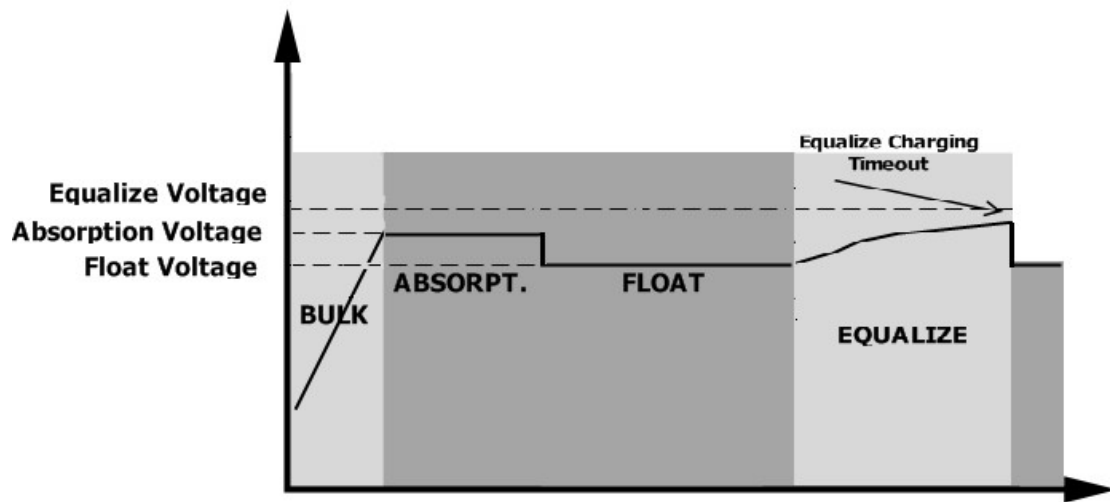


- **Equalize charging time and timeout**

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



# SPECIFICATIONS

## Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	1.5KVA	3KVA	5KVA
<b>Input Voltage Waveform</b>	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)		
<b>Nominal Input Voltage</b>	230Vac		
<b>Low Loss Voltage</b>	170Vac±7V (UPS) 90Vac±7V (Appliances)		
<b>Low Loss Return Voltage</b>	180Vac±7V (UPS); 100Vac±7V (Appliances)		
<b>High Loss Voltage</b>	280Vac±7V		
<b>High Loss Return Voltage</b>	270Vac±7V		
<b>Max AC Input Voltage</b>	300Vac		
<b>Nominal Input Frequency</b>	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)		
<b>Low Loss Frequency</b>	40±1Hz		
<b>Low Loss Return Frequency</b>	42±1Hz		
<b>High Loss Frequency</b>	65±1Hz		
<b>High Loss Return Frequency</b>	63±1Hz		
<b>Output Short Circuit Protection</b>	Line mode: Circuit Breaker Battery mode: Electronic Circuits		
<b>Efficiency (Line Mode)</b>	>95% ( Rated R load, battery full charged )		
<b>Transfer Time</b>	10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances)		
<p><b>Output power derating:</b> When AC input voltage drops to 95V or 170V depending on models, the output power will be derated.</p>	<p>The graph illustrates the output power derating characteristics. The vertical axis represents Output Power, with specific levels for 50% Power and Rated Power. The horizontal axis represents Input Voltage, with key points at 90V, 170V, and 280V. The power output is zero until 90V, then rises to 50% of the rated power. Between 90V and 170V, the power output increases linearly to reach the full Rated Power. From 170V to 280V, the output power remains constant at the Rated Power level.</p>		

## Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	1.5KVA	3KVA	5KVA
<b>Rated Output Power</b>	1.5KVA/1.5KW	3KVA/3KW	5KVA/5KW
<b>Output Voltage Waveform</b>	Pure Sine Wave		
<b>Output Voltage Regulation</b>	230Vac±5%		
<b>Output Frequency</b>	60Hz or 50Hz		
<b>Peak Efficiency</b>	94%		
<b>Overload Protection</b>	5s@≥150% load;10s@110%~150% load		
<b>Surge Capacity</b>	2* rated power for 5 seconds		
<b>Nominal DC Input Voltage</b>	24Vdc		48Vdc
<b>Cold Start Voltage</b>	23.0Vdc		46.0Vdc
<b>Low DC Warning Voltage</b>	22.0Vdc		44.0Vdc
@ load < 20%	21.4Vdc		42.8Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	20.2Vdc		40.4Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%			
<b>Low DC Warning Return Voltage</b>	23.0Vdc		46.0Vdc
@ load < 20%	22.4Vdc		44.8Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	21.2Vdc		42.4Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%			
<b>Low DC Cut-off Voltage</b>	21.0Vdc		42.0Vdc
@ load < 20%	20.4Vdc		40.8Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	19.2Vdc		38.4Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%			

### Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

Utility Charging Mode				
INVERTER MODEL		1.5KVA	3KVA	5KVA
AC Charging Current (Max)		60Amp (@ $V_{I/P}=230V_{ac}$ )	100Amp (@ $V_{I/P}=230V_{ac}$ )	80Amp (@ $V_{I/P}=230V_{ac}$ )
Bulk Charging Voltage	Flooded Battery	29.2Vdc		58.4Vdc
	AGM / Gel Battery	28.2Vdc		56.4Vdc
Floating Charging Voltage		27Vdc		54Vdc
Overcharge Protection		33Vdc		63Vdc
Charging Algorithm		3-Step		
Charging Curve		<p>Battery Voltage, per cell</p> <p>Charging Current, %</p> <p>2.43Vdc (2.35Vdc) 2.25Vdc</p> <p>100% 50%</p> <p>100% 50%</p> <p>Time</p> <p>Current</p> <p><math>T_0</math> <math>T_1 = 10 * T_0</math>, minimum 10mins, maximum 8hrs</p> <p>Bulk (Constant Current) Absorption (Constant Voltage) Maintenance (Floating)</p>		
Solar Input				
INVERTER MODEL		1.5KVA	3KVA	5KVA
Rated Power		2000W	4000W	5000W
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		500Vdc		
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range		120Vdc~450Vdc		
Max. Input Current		10A	15A	18A

### Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	1.5KVA	3KVA	5KVA
Safety Certification	CE		
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to 55°C		
Storage temperature	-15°C~ 60°C		
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)		
Dimension (D*W*H), mm	448x295x105		
Net Weight, kg	7.4	8.2	9.9

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low	1. Re-charge battery. 2. Replace battery.
No response after power on.	No indication.	1. The battery voltage is far too low. 2. Battery polarity is connected reversed.	1. Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. 2. Re-charge battery. 3. Replace battery.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	1. Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. 2. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on.	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.
		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
	Fault code 06/22	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	1. Reduce the connected load. 2. Return to repair center
	Fault code 08/09/15	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 13	Over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 14	Bus voltage is too low.	
	Fault code 16	Output voltage is unbalanced.	
Another fault code		If the wires is connected well, please return to repair center.	

